



Bi-modal First Impressions Recognition using Temporally Ordered Deep Audio and Stochastic Visual Features

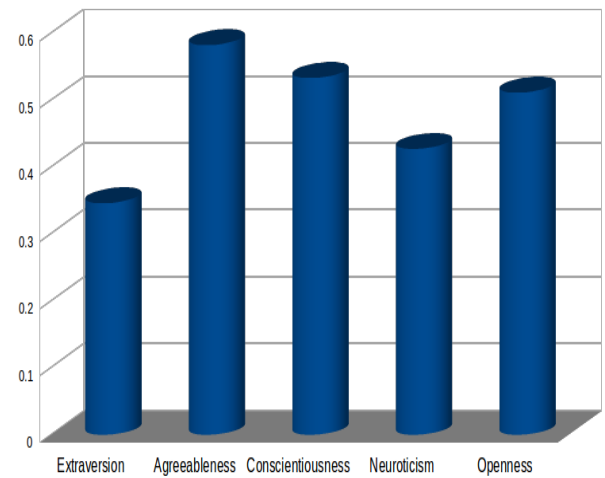
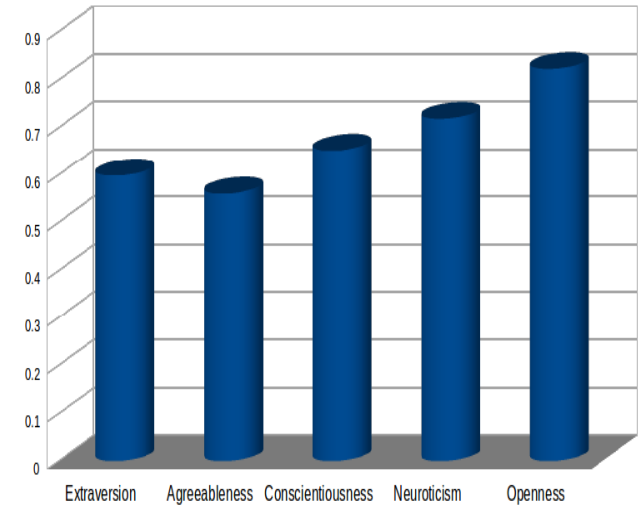
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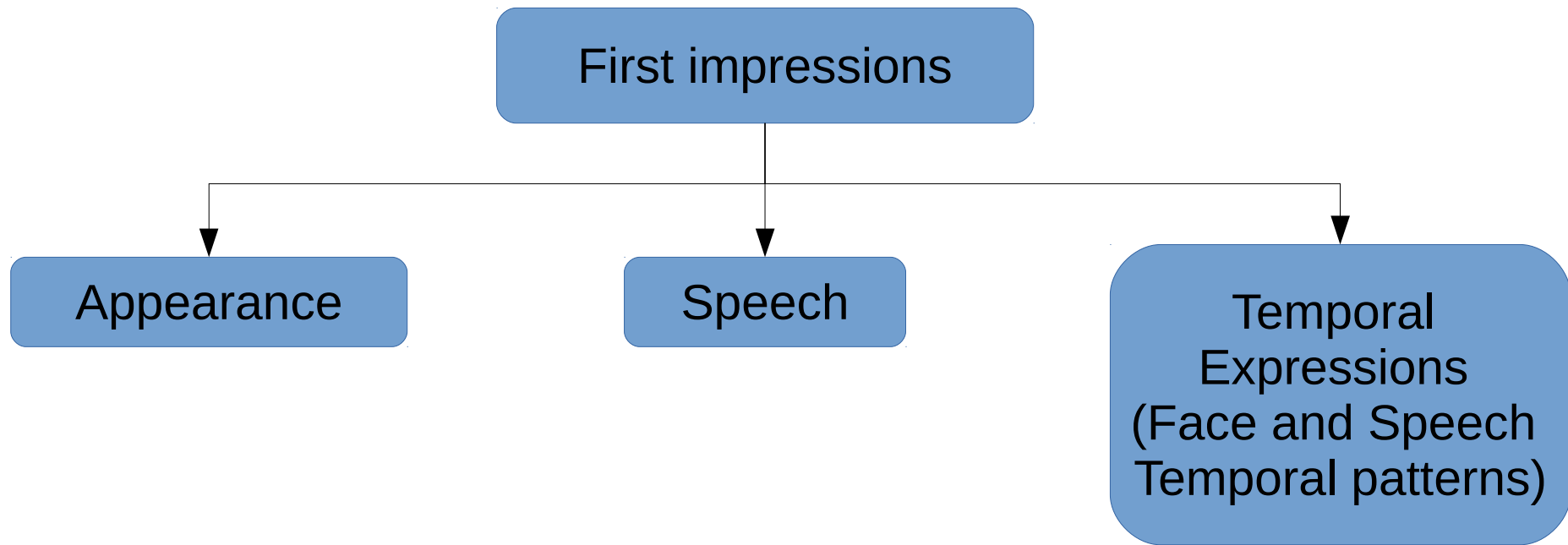
Code: <https://github.com/InnovArul/first-impressions>



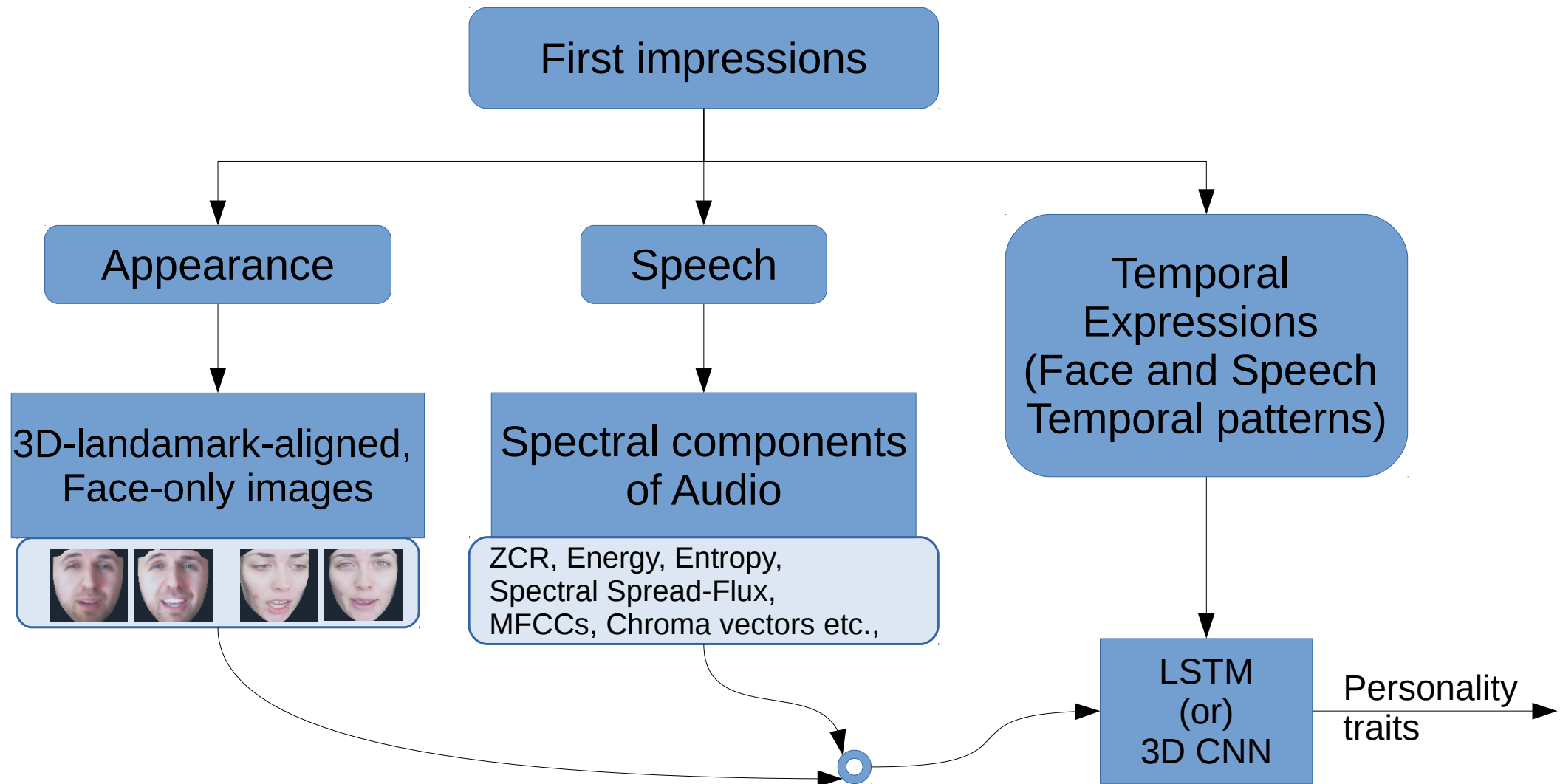
Problem setup



Intuition behind the proposed solution



Intuition behind the proposed solution



Preprocessing - Audio

- The mean(μ) and standard deviation(σ) of spectral Audio feature attributes

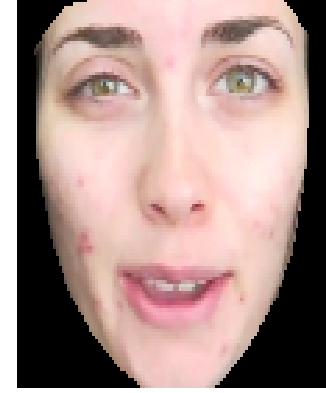
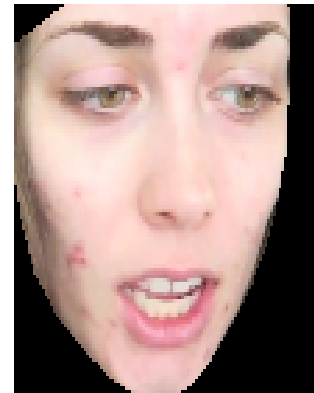
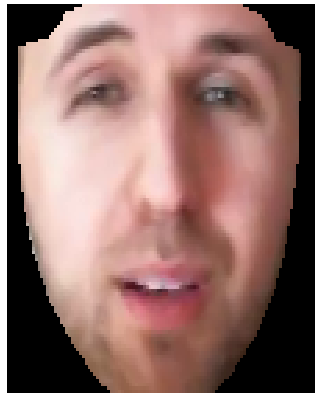
ZCR, Energy, Spectral properties(Centroid + Spread + Entropy + Rolloff + Flux), Chroma vector + deviation, MFCCs etc., (in total of 34 feature dimensions)

- Total of 68 dimensions (μ and σ for each of 34 feature dimensions)
- Python library^[1] 'pyAudioAnalysis' is used for audio feature extraction

[1] <https://github.com/tyiannak/pyAudioAnalysis> (Theodoros Giannakopoulos)

Preprocessing - Video

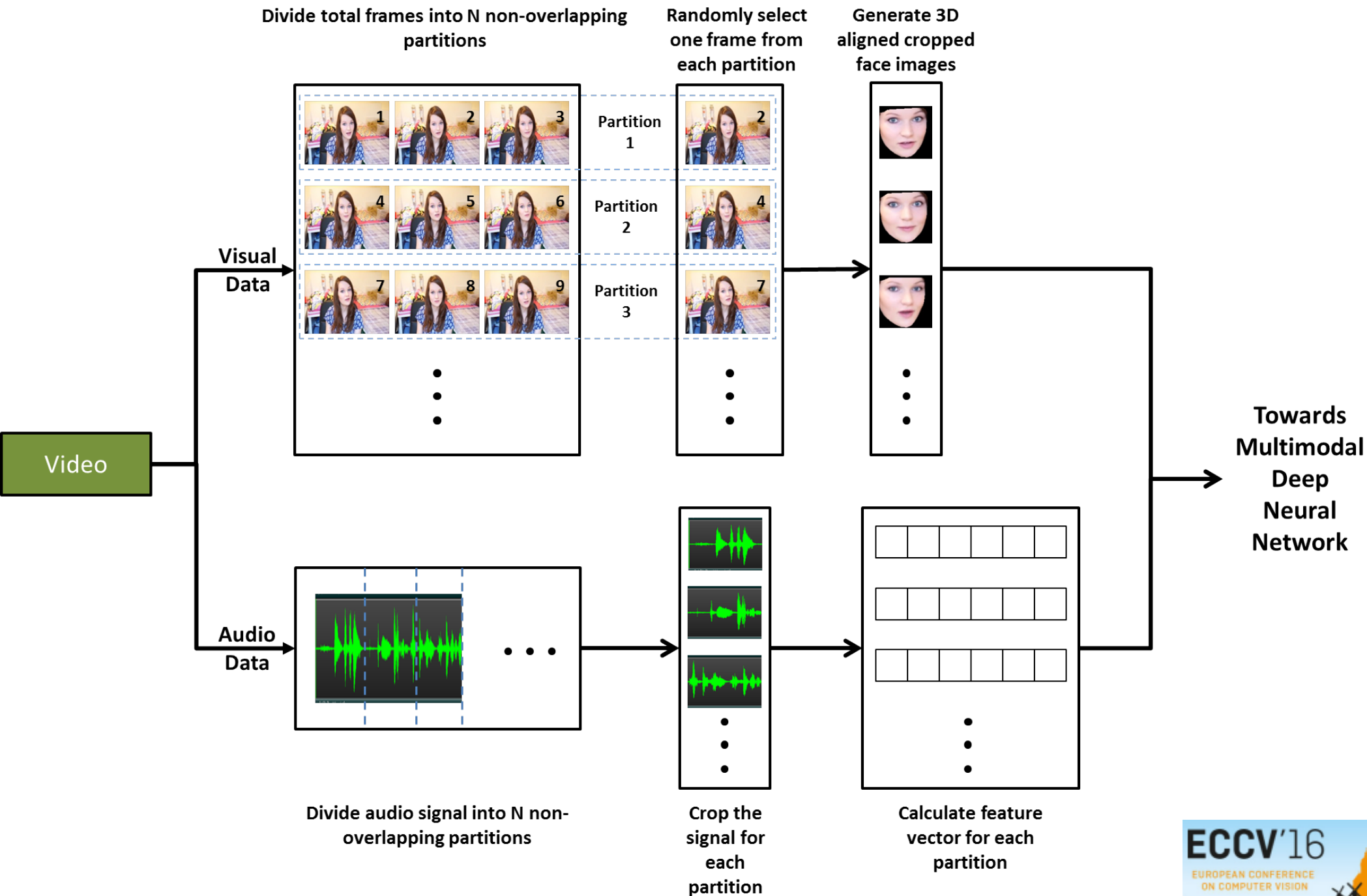
- The 3D-aligned Face is extracted from the frame(s) of the video



- A state-of-the-art open source tool^[1] 'OpenFace' is used for Face extraction

[1] <https://github.com/TadasBaltrusaitis/OpenFace> (Tadas Baltrušaitis)

Data selection for the model



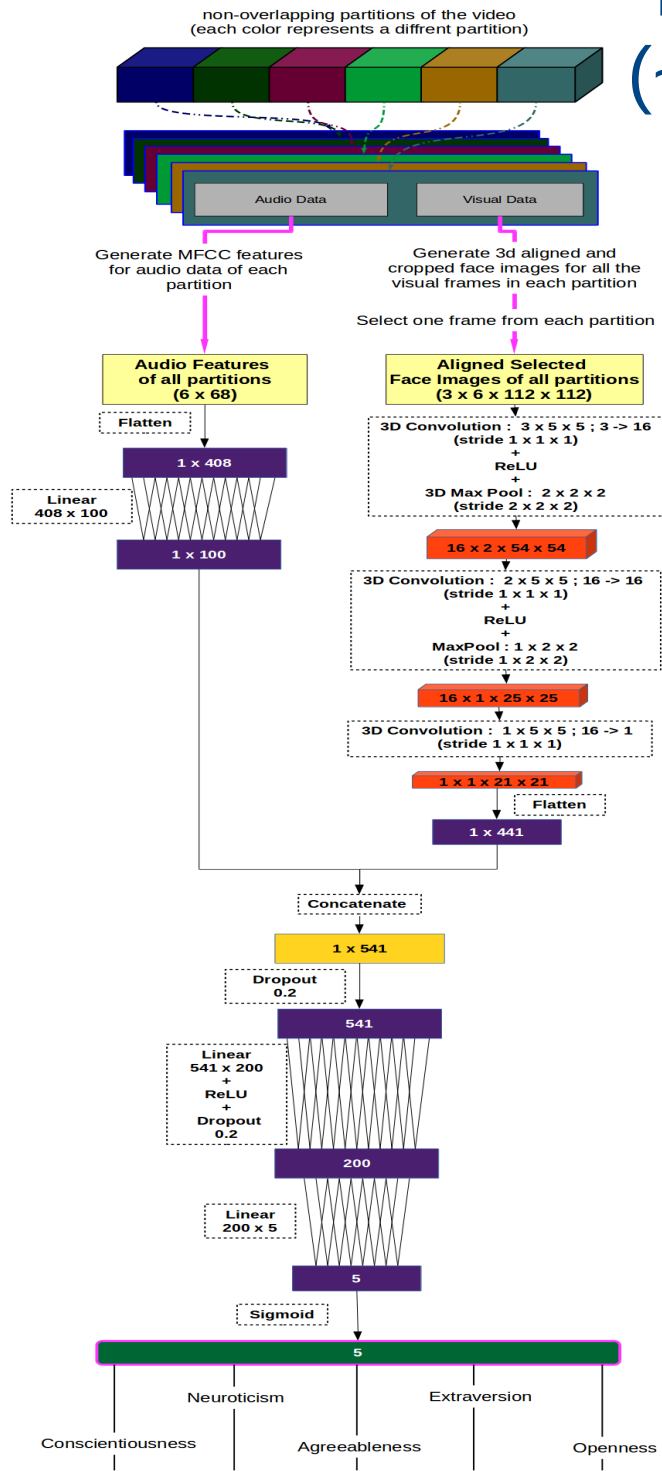
Stochastic feature selection

- Keeping $N = 6$

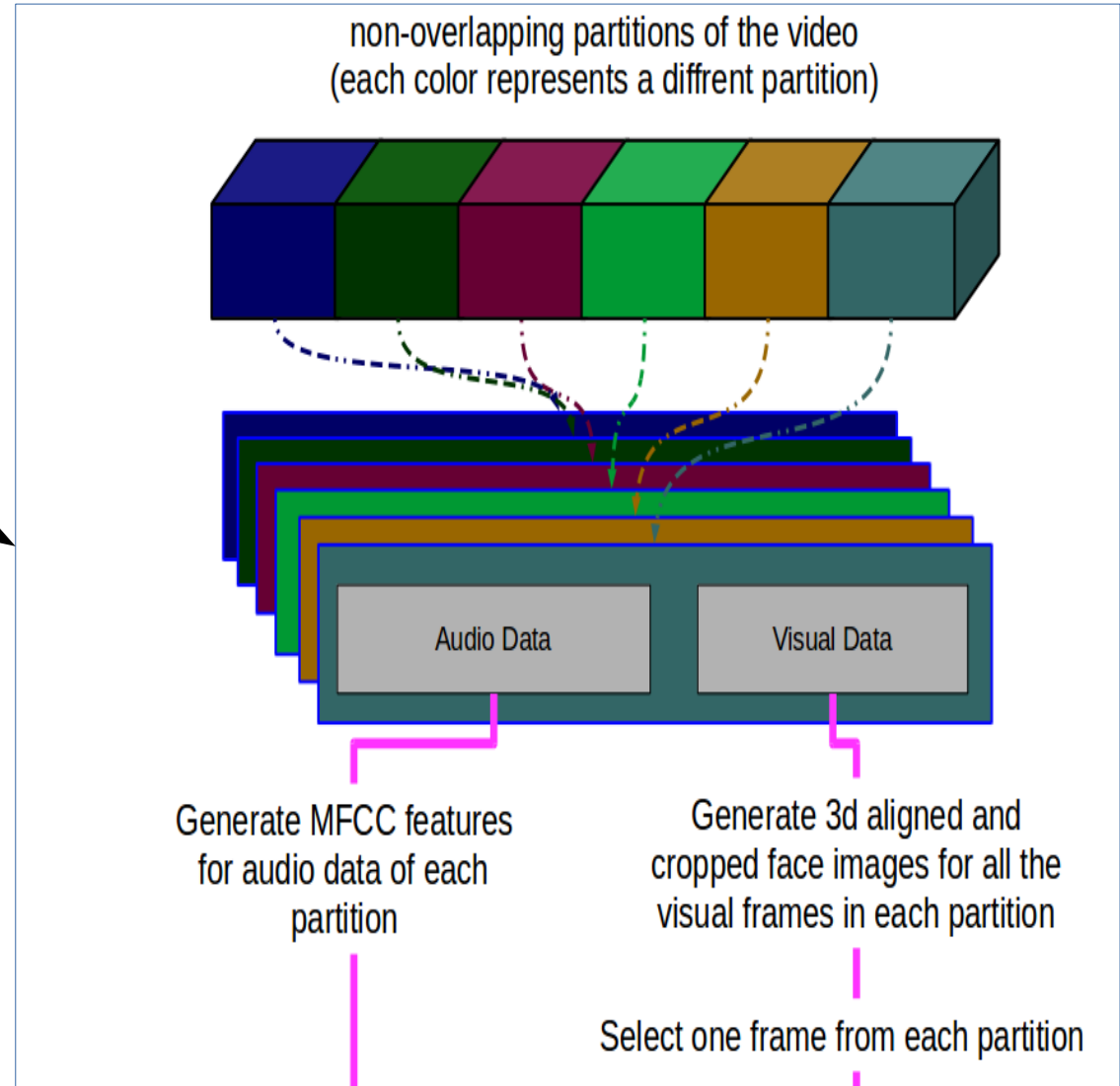
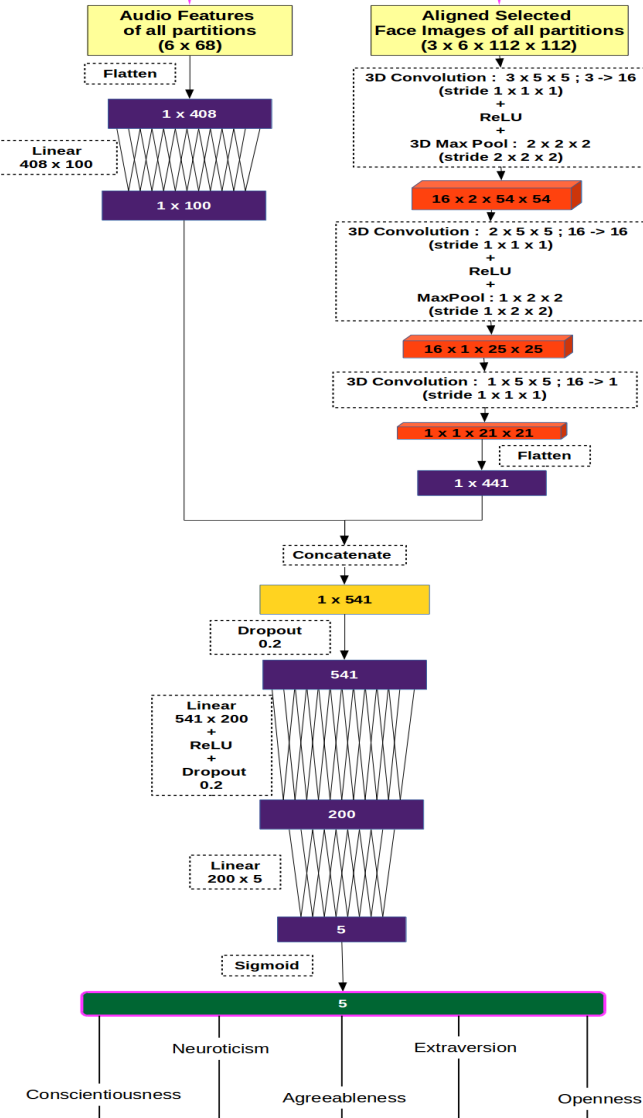
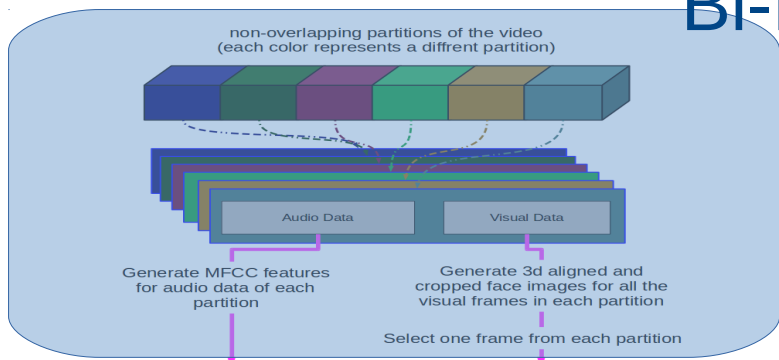
(split the Audio and Video into non-overlapping 6 partitions)

Audio	Visual
<p>68 dimensional feature vector for each of 6 partitions</p> <p>= 6 x 68 feature vectors</p>	<p>For each of 6 non-overlapping partitions, single randomly selected image of 3 x 112 x 112. (= 6 x 3 x 112 x 112)</p> <p>Typically, video length = ~15 seconds 30 frames / second = ~450 frames in total = ~75 frames / partitions</p> <p>= 75⁶ combinations of selecting frames (helps in increasing data points & avoids overfitting)</p>

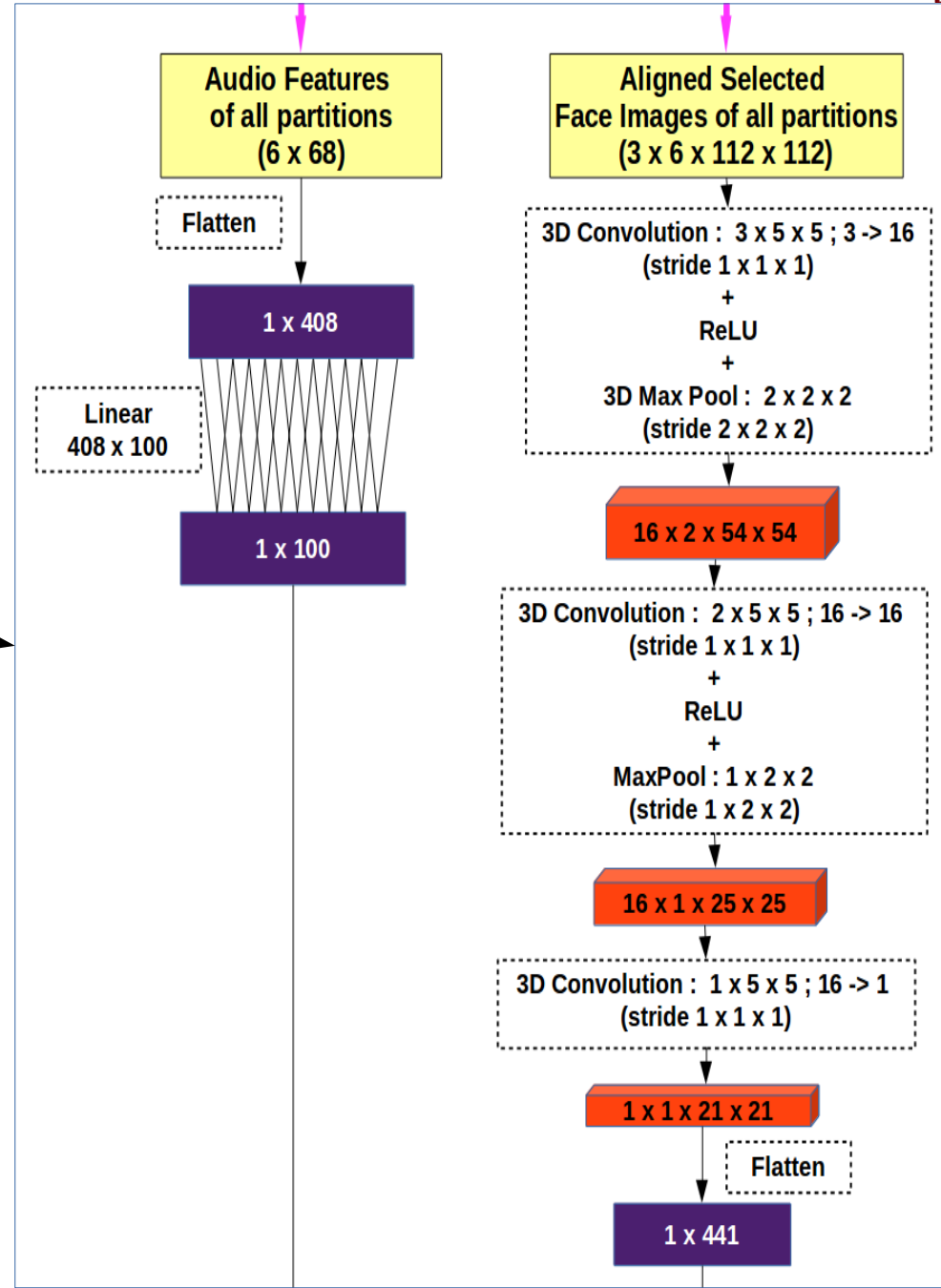
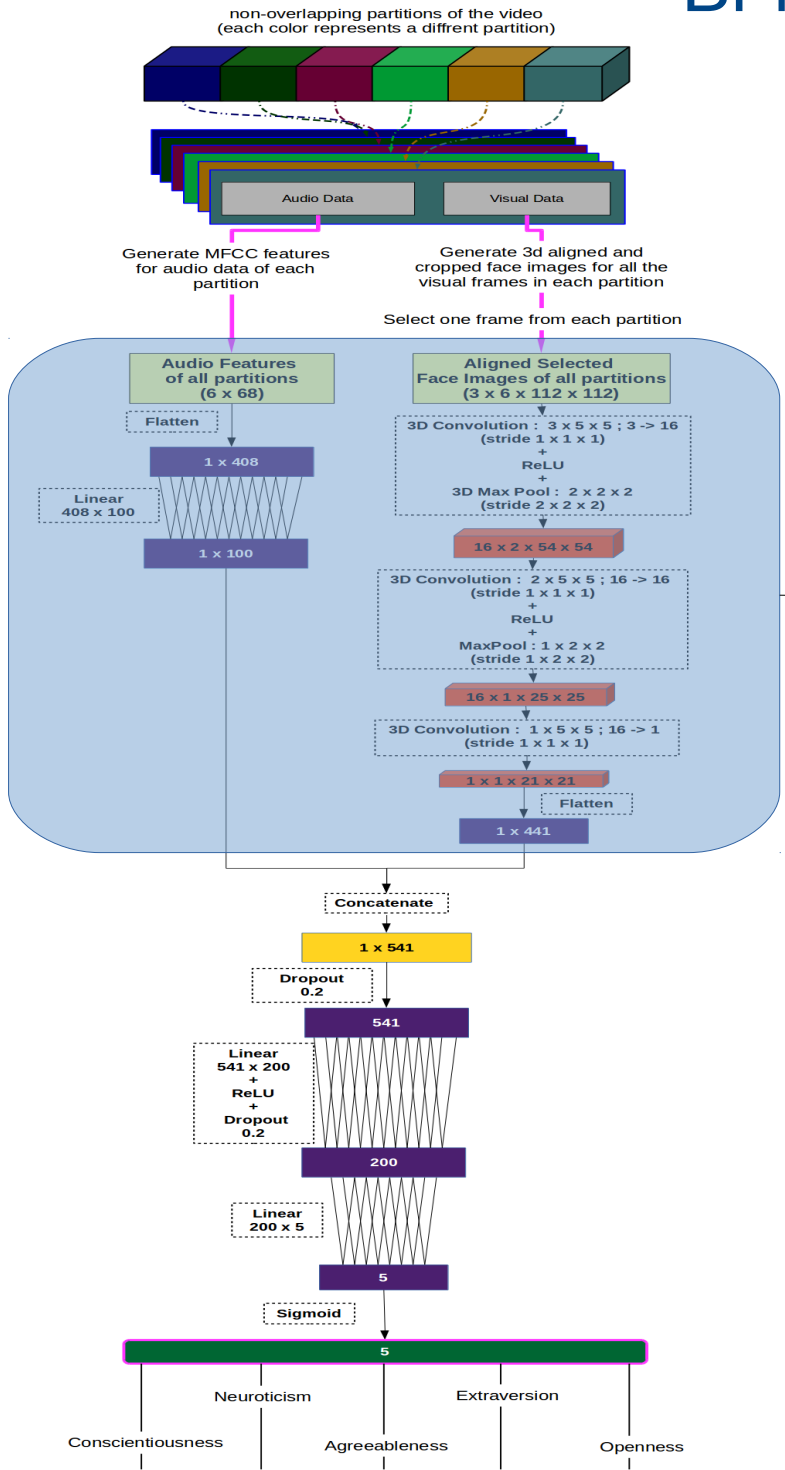
Bi-Modal 3D CNN model (~0.17 million parameters)



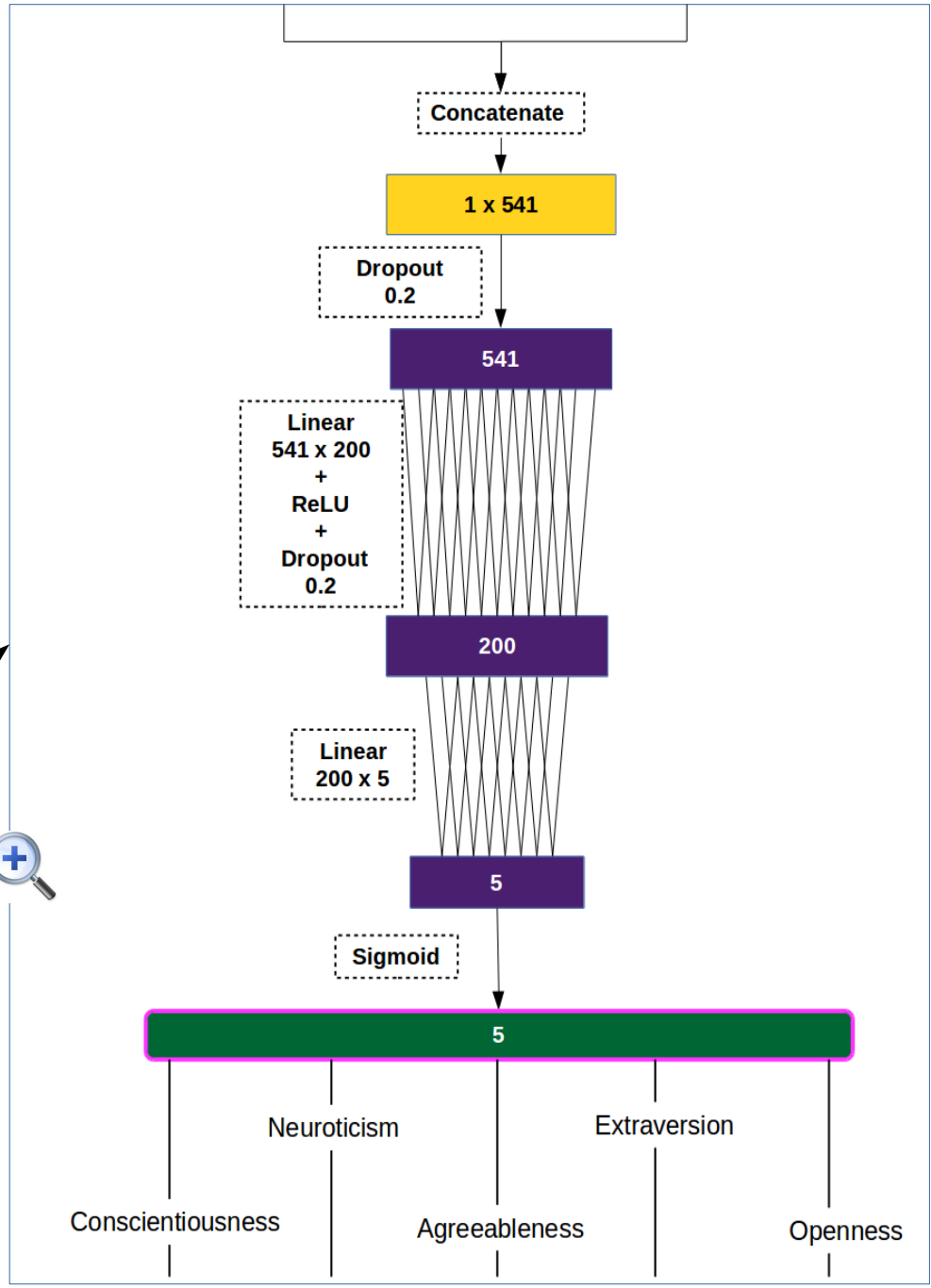
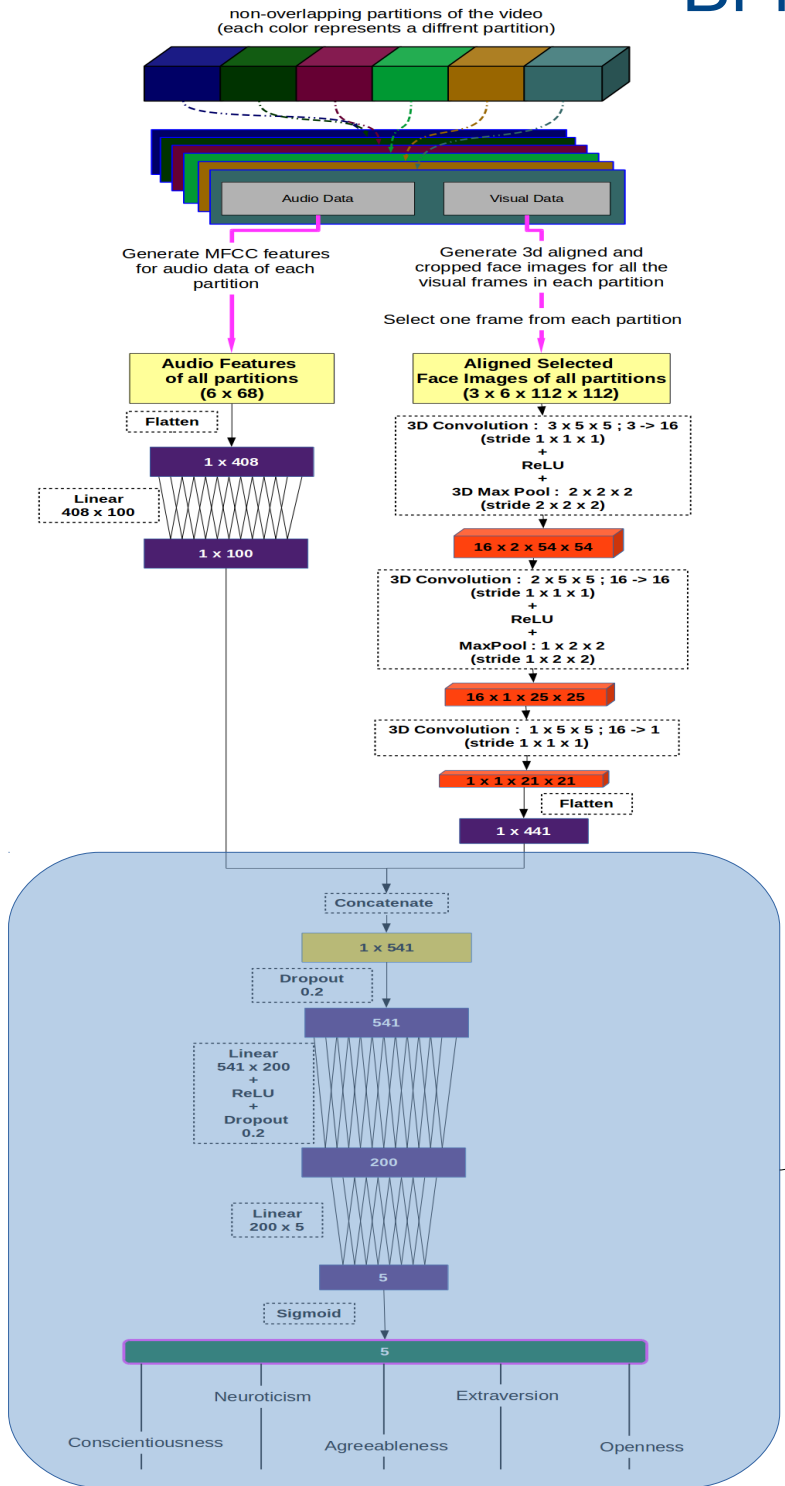
Bi-Modal 3D CNN model



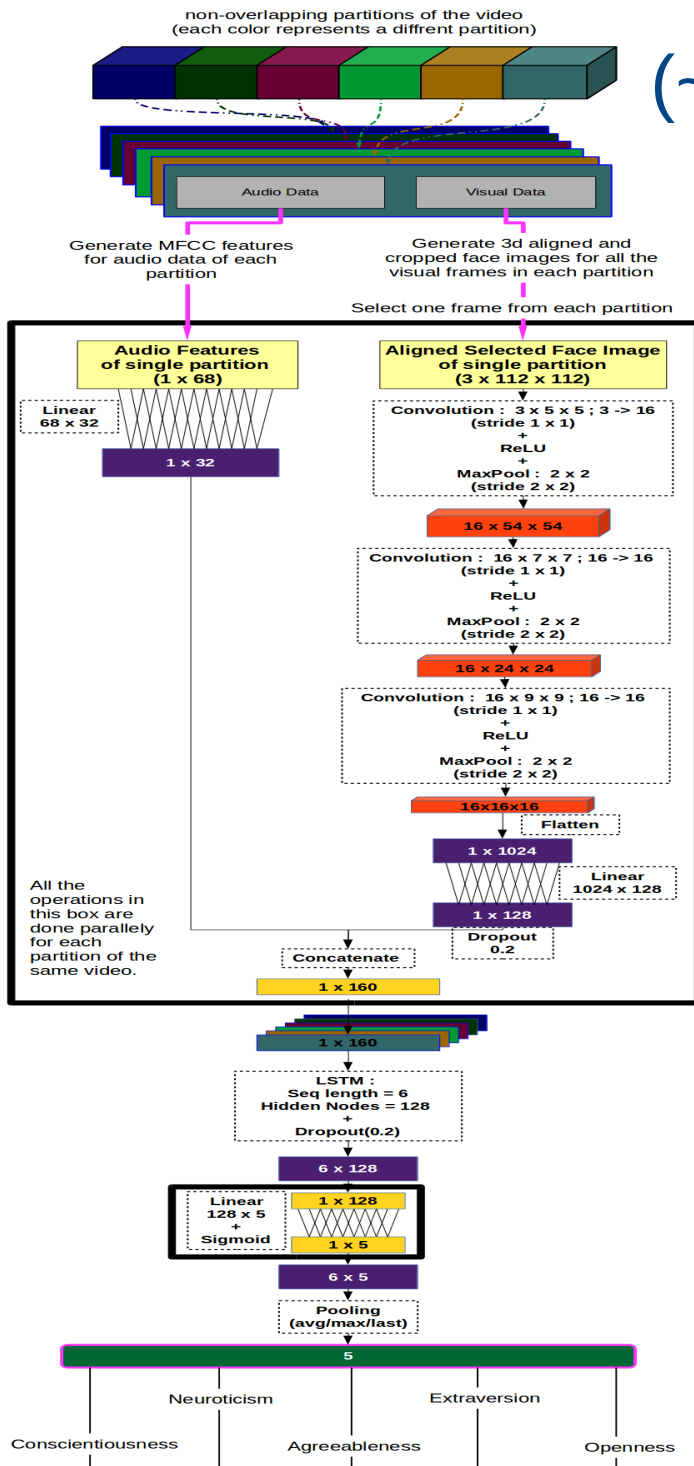
Bi-Modal 3D CNN model



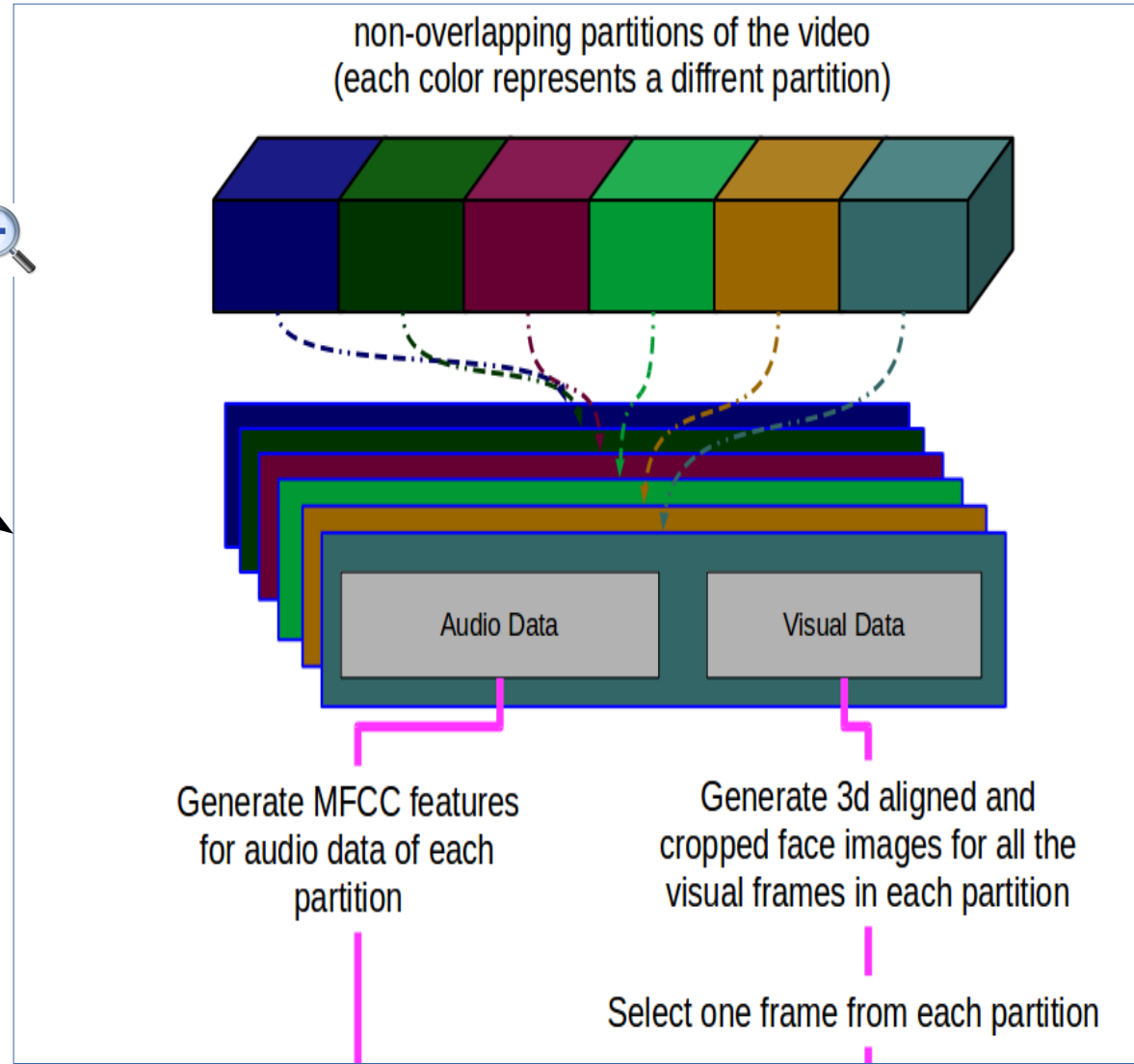
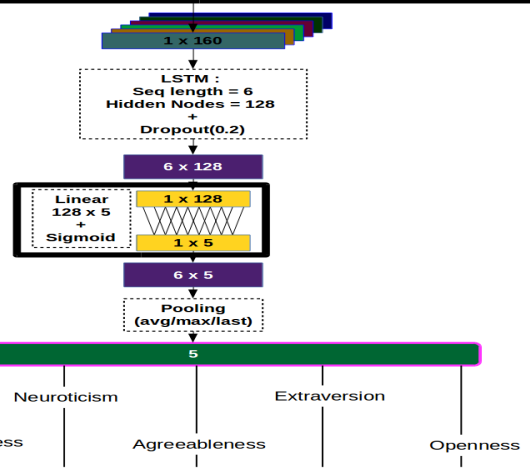
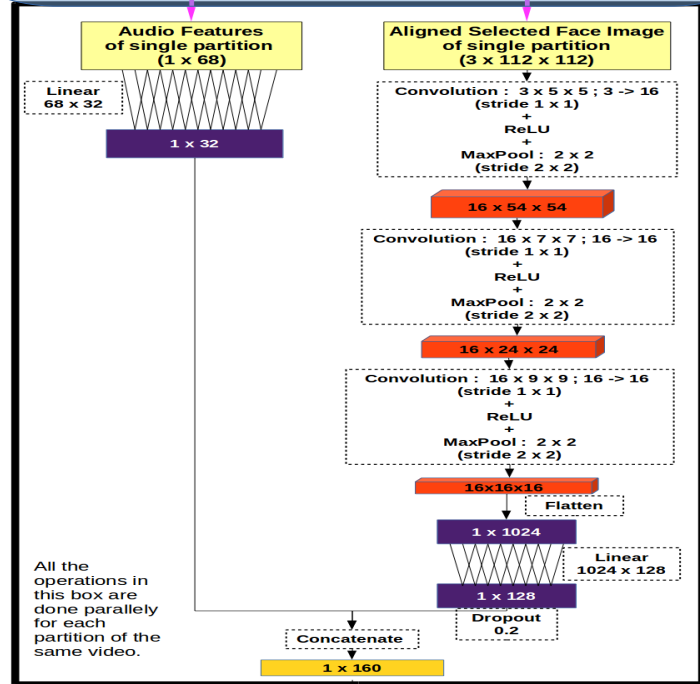
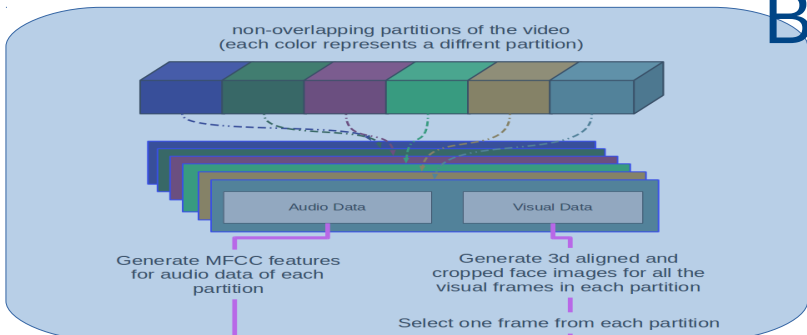
Bi-Modal 3D CNN model



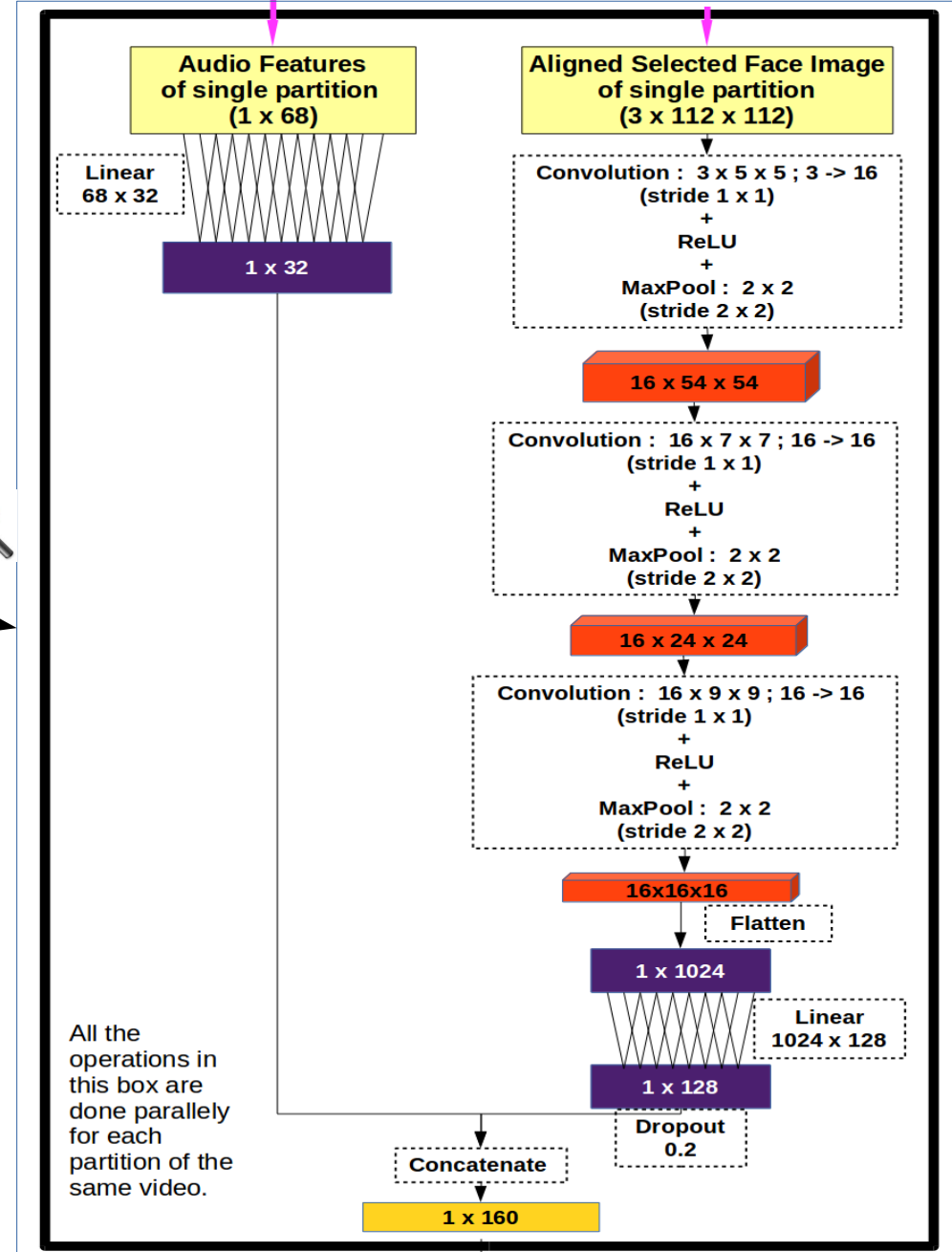
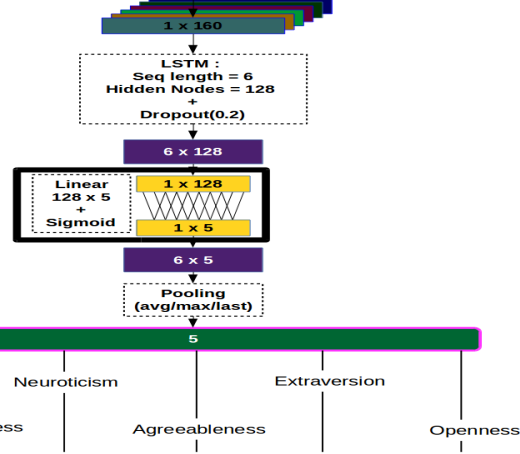
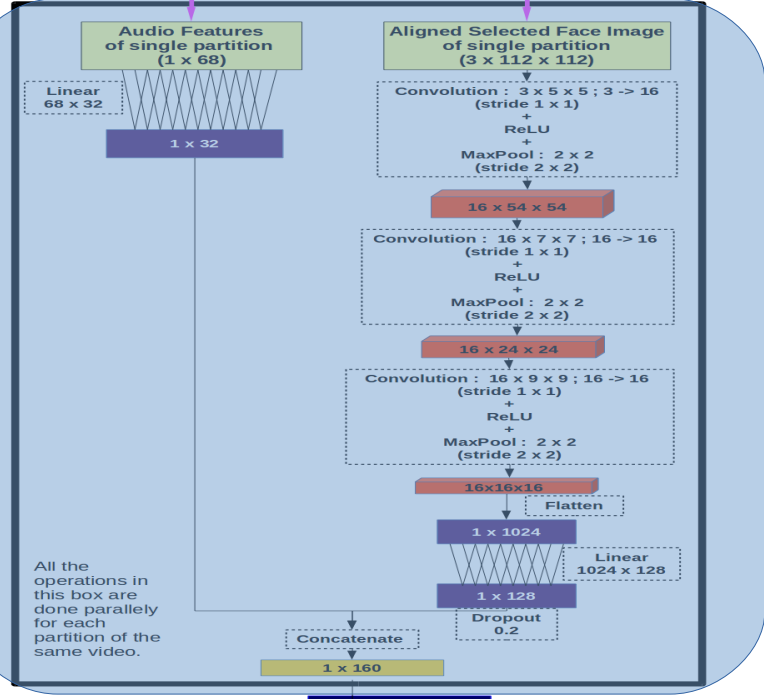
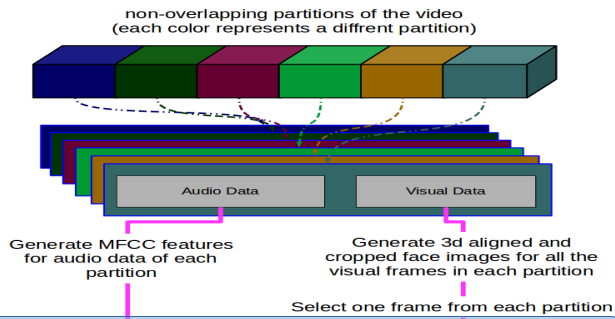
Bi-Modal LSTM model (~0.32 million parameters)



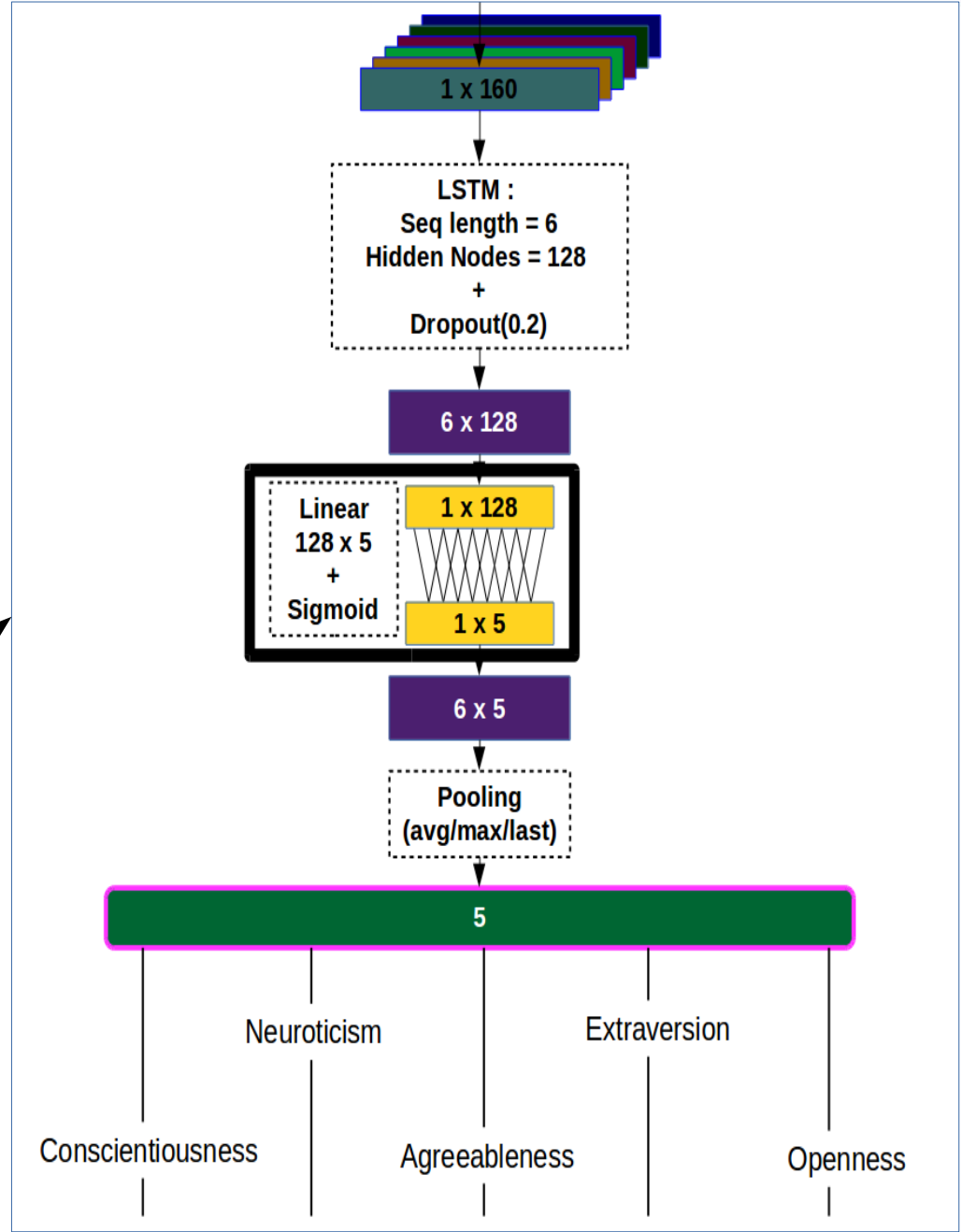
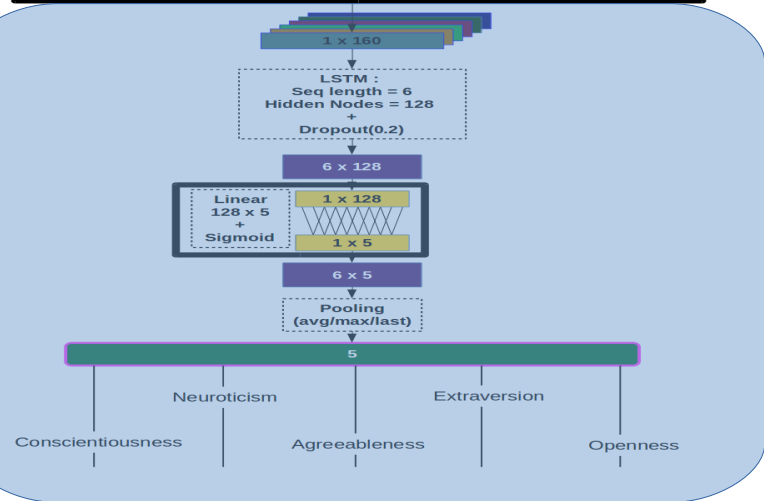
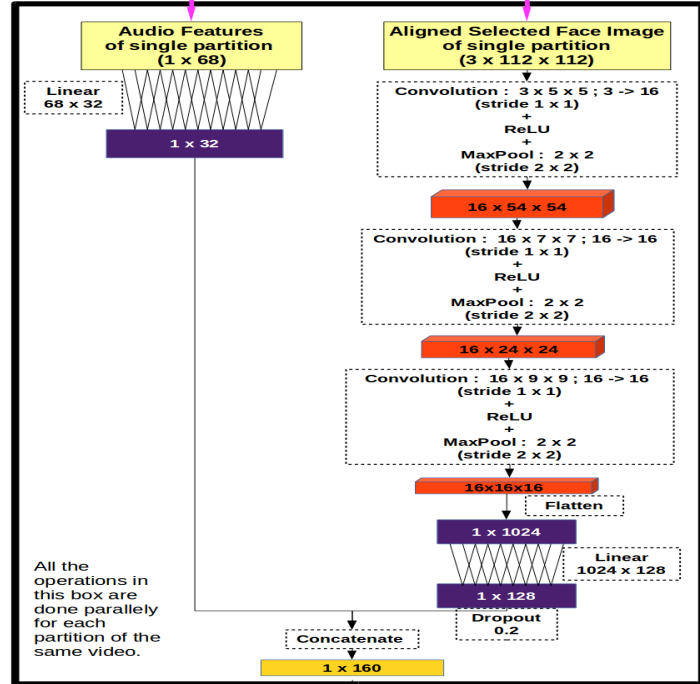
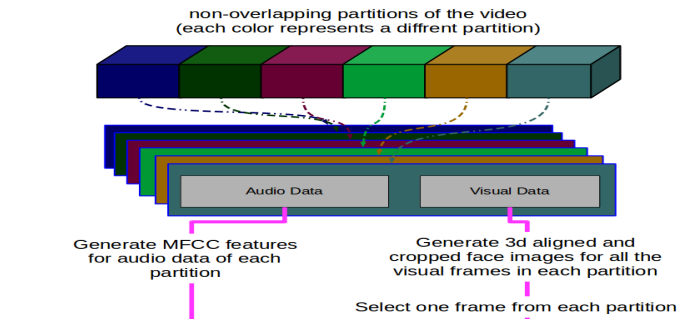
Bi-Modal LSTM model



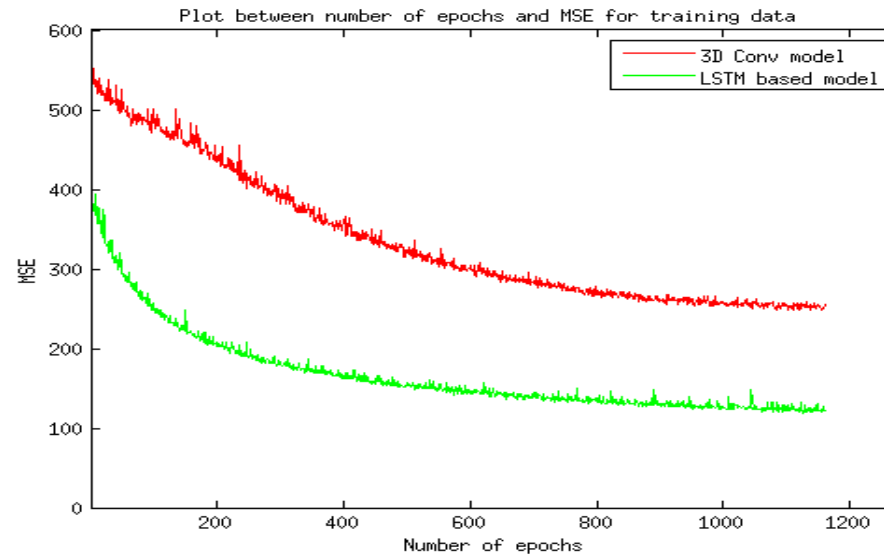
Bi-Modal LSTM model



Bi-Modal LSTM model



Results



Validation phase:

	LSTM model	3D conv. based model
Accuracy	0.913355	0.912473
Extraversion	0.914548	0.915650
Agreeableness	0.915749	0.916123
Conscientiousness	0.913594	0.908370
Neuroticism	0.909814	0.909931
Openness	0.913069	0.912292

Test phase:

Rank	Team	Accuracy
1	NJU-LAMDA	0.912968
2	evolgen (*LSTM model)	0.912063
3	DCC	0.910933
4	ucas	0.909824
5	BU-NKU	0.909387
6	pandora	0.906275
7	Pilab	0.893602
8	Kaizoku	0.882571

Possible future directions

- Add linguistic feature descriptors along with Audio and Visual features (using speech recognition)?
- Eliminate preprocessing
 - of video frames (i.e., to include Background cues)
 - of Audio frames (i.e., extract features directly from Audio using CNN-like setup)